

1. [5] Suppose  $\langle B, \leq \rangle$  is a poset and  $f : A \rightarrow B$  is a total function. Give two ways of defining partial order on the domain  $A$  such that  $f$  is monotonic, and say under what circumstances (if any) these two definitions will coincide. [What I am looking for is the “natural” way of inducing an ordering on  $A$  such that  $f$  is monotonic, and a “trivial” way of defining an order such that  $f$  is monotonic.]

2. Exercise 4.4.2 (b) (p. 267) [5]

3. Exercise 4.4.8 (p. 268) [10]

4. Exercise 4.4.19 (b) (p. 270) [10]

4. [20] (Generalized product). Let  $I$  be a nonempty set, which we will call an *index* set. A family of sets indexed by  $I$ , which we write as  $\{X_i \mid i \in I\}$  is just a function  $F : I \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(U)$ , where the set  $U$  is some universe such that each  $X_i = F(i) \subseteq U$ . For example, if  $\langle A, \leq \rangle$  is a poset, we can define the family of initial segments of  $A$  by letting  $I = A$  and  $X_i = s(i)$ , where  $s(i) = \{x \in A \mid x < i\}$ . Note that  $X_i = \emptyset$  if  $i$  is minimal in  $A$ . [What can we use as the universe  $U$  in this example?]

Now assume that the elements in a family  $\{X_i \mid i \in I\}$  are all nonempty, i.e.  $X_i \neq \emptyset$  for each  $i \in I$ . The generalized product of this family is the set

$$\prod_{i \in I} X_i = \{f : I \rightarrow \cup_{i \in I} X_i \mid \forall i \in I. f(i) \in X_i\}$$

Note that the function space  $A \rightarrow B$  of total functions from  $A$  to  $B$  is the same as the generalized product  $\prod_{a \in A} X_a$  where  $X_a = B$  for all  $a \in A$ .

(a). Let  $I = \{0, 1\}$  and define the family  $\{X_i \mid i \in I\}$  by  $X_0 = A$  and  $X_1 = B$ . Define a function  $g : A \times B \rightarrow \prod_{i \in I} X_i$  so that  $g$  is a bijection and  $\text{fst}(p) = (g(p))(0)$  and  $\text{snd}(p) = (g(p))(1)$  for any  $p \in A \times B$ . [Here  $\text{fst}$  and  $\text{snd}$  are the first and second projections on ordered pairs, such that  $\text{fst}(a, b) = a$  and  $\text{snd}(a, b) = b$ .]

(b). Now assume that each  $X_i$  is a (nonempty) well-founded poset with ordering  $\leq_i$ , and define the pointwise ordering of  $\prod_{i \in I} X_i$  by

$$f \leq_p g \Leftrightarrow \forall i \in I. f(i) \leq_i g(i)$$

Give two examples of such pointwise ordered families where the ordering is well-founded and non-well-founded, respectively.